

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
	09/973,664	10/09/2001	Mark D. Ackerman	112024-0078	6325
09/973,664 10/09/2001 Mark D. Ackerman 21186 7590 02/08/2007 SCHWEGMAN, LUNDBERG, WOESSNER & KLUTH, P.A. P.O. BOX 2938 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402 SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE MAIL DATE	EXAMINER				
		BADII, BEHRANG			
		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
				3694	
				EXAMINER BADII, BEHRANG ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
	SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVER	Y MODE
	3 MOI	NTHS	02/08/2007	PAP	PER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	09/973,664	ACKERMAN ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Behrang Badii	3694		
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status		•		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 A	lovember 2006.			
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	s action is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under I	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims				
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 15-22 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 15-22 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11).	cepted or b) objected to by the l drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary			
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:			

DETAILED ACTION

Applicant's election without traverse of claims 15-22 in the reply filed on 11/15/06 is acknowledged.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL. A complete reply to the final rejection must include cancellation of nonelected claims or other appropriate action (37 CFR 1.144) See MPEP § 821.01.

Claims 1-14 are hereby withdrawn from further consideration.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 15-22 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 15 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Applicants limitation that generating an electronic license that includes a plurality of software command directives embedded therein for at least one of accepting and rejecting registration, by one or more external processes or products having the soft-ware commands, and wherein each command directive includes a command name associated with one of the plurality of software commands and an inclusion or exclusion identifier for the acceptance or rejection of the registration is unclear. Examiner can only guess that the above is alluding to the upgrade to a license

Application/Control Number: 09/973,664

Art Unit: 3694

and the procedure that is inherent to license upgrades. These procedures include questioning the user as to whether he wants the upgrade or not in a series of questions.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 15 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haruki, USPAP 2001/0013099, and further in view of Ross et al., USP 5,553,143.

As per claims 15 and 22, Haruki discloses a method for licensing external processes on a server comprising the steps of (Abstract): Generating an electronic license that includes a plurality of software command directives embedded therein for at least on of accepting or rejecting registration, by one or more external processes, of software commands (Abstract, lines 1-9); and registering software commands based upon the software command directives (page 5 claim3); and executing the registered commands (figure 11).

Haruki does not disclose software commands or a string identifying a command name and an inclusion or exclusion identifier. Ross et al. discloses software commands and a string identifying a command name and an inclusion or exclusion identifier (the procedure of accepting or declining the upgrade to a

Application/Control Number: 09/973,664

Art Unit: 3694

license) (col.4, 24-30; col.5, 4-15, 35-45; col.6, 33-67; col.9, 44-57; col.11, 47-55; col.12, 1-45; col.13, 40-65; fig's 5-9). It would have been obvious to modify Haruki to include software commands and a string identifying a command name and an inclusion or exclusion identifier in the license (the process of upgrading a license) such as that taught by Ross et al. in order to have portions of an encrypted license document to become available upon the registration and acceptance of the license upgrade.

Claim 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haruki and Ross et al. as applied to claim 15 above, and further in view of Misra et al. U.S. Patent 6,189,146.

As per claim 16, Haruki discloses a method for licensing external processes on a server (Abstract), as described above. Haruki does not disclose directing the one or more external processes to only use a set of licensed hardware resources, the set of licensed hardware resources being defined by one or more fields in the electronic license. Misra et al. discloses directing the one or more external processes to only use a set of licensed hardware resources, the set of licensed hardware resources being defined by one or more fields in the electronic license (col. 7, table 1). It would have been obvious to modify Haruki to include directing the one or more external processes to only use a set of licensed hardware resources, the set of licensed hardware resources being defined by one or more fields in the electronic license such as that taught by Misra et al. in order to better handle the management of the different part of the license agreement.

As per claim 17, Haruki discloses a method for licensing external processes on a server (Abstract), as described above. Haruki does not disclose the step of generating which includes generating a license upgrade, the license upgrade defining a set of additional commands for registration that are not part of software commands registered in conjunction with one or more prior licenses. Misra et al. discloses the step of generating which includes generating a license upgrade, the license upgrade defining a set of additional commands for registration that are not part of software commands registered in conjunction with one or more prior licenses (col. 18, lines 17-38). It would have been obvious to modify Haruki to include the step of generating which includes generating a license upgrade, the license upgrade defining a set of additional commands for registration that are not part of software commands registered in conjunction with one or more prior licenses such as that taught by Misra et al. in order to better handle the license upgrades.

As per claim 18, Haruki discloses a method for licensing external processes on a server (Abstract), as described above. Haruki does not disclose the step of generating which, includes generating a license upgrade, the license upgrade describing additional hardware resources licensed for use by the one or more external processes that are not part of hardware resources licensed for use by prior licenses. Misra et al. discloses the step of generating which, includes generating a license upgrade, the license upgrade describing additional hardware resources licensed for use by the one or more external processes that are not part of hardware resources licensed for use by prior licenses (col. 18,

lines 17-38). It would have been obvious to modify Haruki to include the step of generating which, includes generating a license upgrade, the license upgrade describing additional hardware resources licensed for use by the one or more external processes that are not part of hardware resources licensed for use by prior licenses such as that taught by Misra et al. in order to better handle the license upgrades.

As per claim 19, Haruki discloses a method for licensing external processes on a server (Abstract), as described above. Haruki does not disclose the step of generating which includes generating a license upgrade, the license upgrade describing additional hardware resources licensed for use by the one or more external processes that add further capabilities to hardware resources licensed for use by prior licenses. Misra et al. discloses the step of generating which includes generating a license upgrade, the license upgrade describing additional hardware resources licensed for use by the one or more external processes that add further capabilities to hardware resources licensed for use by prior licenses (col. 18, lines 17-38; col. 12, lines 56-67). It would have been obvious to modify Haruki to include the step of generating which includes generating a license upgrade, the license upgrade describing additional hardware resources licensed for use by the one or more external processes that add further capabilities to hardware resources licensed for use by prior licenses such as that taught by Misra et al. in order to better handle the license upgrades.

As per claim 20, Haruki discloses a method for licensing external processes on a server (Abstract), as described above. Haruki does not disclose Application/Control Number: 09/973,664

Art Unit: 3694

either one of (a) installing the electronic license in the server prior to shipment of the server to an end-user of the server and (b) providing the electronic license to the end-user on a removable media for installation in the server after the shipment of the server to the end-user. Misra et al. discloses either one of (a) installing the electronic license in the server prior to shipment of the server to an end-user of the server and (b) providing the electronic license to the end-user on a removable media for installation in the server after the shipment of the server to the end-user (col. 2, lines 22-47). It would have been obvious to modify Haruki to include either one of (a) installing the electronic license in the server prior to shipment of the server to an end-user of the server and (b) providing the electronic license to the end-user on a removable media for installation in the server after the shipment of the server to the end-user such as that taught by Misra et al. in order to have more choices as to the installment of the electronic license.

As per claim 21, Haruki discloses a method for licensing external processes on a server (Abstract), as described above. Haruki does not disclose installing the electronic license in the server in an over-the-wire process including (a) digitally signing the electronic license by a vendor, (b) transmitting the digitally signed electronic license over a communications network from the vendor to the server, (c) validating the digitally signed electronic license by the server and (d) installing the validated electronic license in the server. Misra et al. discloses installing the electronic license in the server in an over-the-wire process including (a) digitally signing the electronic license by a vendor, (b) transmitting the digitally

signed electronic license over a communications network from the vendor to the server, (c) validating the digitally signed electronic license by the server and (d) installing the validated electronic license in the server (col. 2, lines 22-47 and abstract). It would have been obvious to modify Haruki to include a installing the electronic license in the server in an over-the-wire process including (a) digitally signing the electronic license by a vendor, (b) transmitting the digitally signed electronic license over a communications network from the vendor to the server, (c) validating the digitally signed electronic license by the server and (d) installing the validated electronic license in the server such as that taught by Misra et al. in order to have a more efficient way of installing the electronic license.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Behrang Badii whose telephone number is 571-272-6879. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Trammell can be reached on 571-272-6712. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Mail Stop Amendment Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 or faxed to (571)273-8300

Hand delivered responses should be brought to

United States Patent and Trademark Office Customer Service Window Randolph Building 401 Dulany Street Alexandria, VA 22314

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Technology Center 3600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is **(571) 272-3600**.

Behrang Badii Patent Examiner Art Unit 3694

PRIMARY EXAMINER

BB